

## Morphology, Immunology of Antedon Bifida (Echinodermata)

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### Abstract

*Antedon bifida*, belongs to the class of Crinoïds. It's an ancestral ECHINODERMATA. The body is a concave disc surrounded by ten pinnately divided arms, giving it a fem-like appearance. It possesses an axial organ similar to the sea star one : a primitive immune organ.

We discover in it :

- 1) An IGHKAPPA Gene recalling the IPA (Invertebrate Primitive Antibody)
- 3) A Fc receptor gene witch matches with human Fc gene
- 4) At Last MHC genes.

### Introduction

As shown in Figure 1, *Antedon bifida* is a strange animal, with a disc (the main body) which is surrounded by ten arms. We have performed genomic studies in 2018, concerning this ancestral Echinoderm, as following :

### Materials and Methods

**2)a Animals:** *Antedon bifida* was obtained at the station « Of Biologie Marine of Roscoff » France.

**2)b Obtention of crinoïd mRNA:** Digestive coeca were excised from the *A. bifida* body.

*A. bifida* mRNA was obtained from Uptizol (Interchim). Quality control were operated.

**2)c Sequencing:** Sequencing was made on Illumina Next Seq 500 with paired-end : 2. 75 bp

Transcriptome was assembled from RNA-Seq fastq files using Trinity v2.1.1 with default parameters [1]. A BLAST database was created with the assembled transcripts using makeblastdb application from ncbi-blast+ (v2.2.31+). The sequences of transcripts of interest were then blasted against this database using blastn application from ncbi-blast+ with parameter word\_size 7 [2].



Figure 1: Morphology of *Antedon bifida*.

### Results

Various *A. bifida* transcriptomes are recalled [3,4]:

The Antedon bifida IgK transcriptome sequence is the following one:  
>TRINITY\_DN9178\_c0\_g1\_i2 (Igk):  
5'AGCGAATGAAAAAGAAGAACCGGCCAAAAAA  
AGTACTTCTACCAAAGAAGCGAATGAAAA

AGAAGAACC GGCCAAAAAAGTACTTCTACC  
AAAGAAGAACTGAAATAGAAGAACTAAC

CGAACAAGTATTTCTACAAAATCAGTTT  
CTGCCAGTGATATATTCCTTGGTACAACCTTT  
CACACTGGAGATGGGATTTCTGCGTAGGA  
CCTGAACACAAACCGTTTACAGGAGATTTTCA

CGGTGACGGTAATGAAGATCTTCTGTTT  
CACAATCAAAGACAGGCTCGAAAAAGATATA

CTATGCAAGTTGTGACGGCTCTTTAATGGTGATA  
GGTCTGTGGAGAGAGAGAGATGAATTT  
TTGCTACGTAAGTGGATATGATCTATACATTGGTGATTT  
CAACGGCGATGGTCTGATCCGA  
TATGCTGTGTCATCGTCTCAGTATGGTCAGATTTGGG  
TTGTGTGGCGCAACCTGGGG  
TGTATTCACTGCTAACCCGTGGTCGTATAGTCCC  
AATTTGGTGCAGGCCAACCTGATAA  
AGTATATATTGGAGACTTCAACGCAGACGGTCCGG  
ATGATATCTTGTCCACACACAAG  
TTCGGTTACATTGCAATATATTATGCATTATACACTG  
GTTATTTTCTACCTCTACAAC  
ATATCGCTTACACGAAGTATGAGTTGGTGCAGAGGTA  
CATATCAAGAGTGTATACTGG  
AGATTTCAACGGAGACCGAAGGGTTGATATGCTCT  
GCCACGACTACTCTCTGCTACAT  
ATATGTAGCAGTAGCCACAGCGACTGGTGGATT  
CACCTCTGCCACATGGAGCAGAAGTAT

GGGCTGGTGCAAGCATTTCGAACTCTAAGCTCAGCA  
TTGGAGATTTCAATAAAGATAACCG

CGACGACATCATGTGCAGCGACACAAATGGTCCTTA  
CTGGATAGCATTCTCTGTACAA

CGGTTCGTTTTTCATCTAAAAGCTGGACCCGTAAACAAAA  
CTGGTGTACATCTGGCAATGA

TGTGTTAGTTTCGGATGTGAATGGAGATGGTGGGG  
ATGATTTGATGTGCCATAATGAAGC  
CGACGGCATCAAGTACATATCGATCAACCATAAGGCC  
TAAAGCAAGTTCTCTCAATAT  
ACAGAAAATATTCACCACAAATGATTCATTTT  
GTA CTGAACCTCAATTCAAATTC AAT  
AAAATTTACATAAACGTTAACGGAAGGATACAATCA  
ACTAAATAATGTTCTATTCATTA  
TTTTCGTTCGATAACCTAAACAAAAATCAGATAAGAAA  
TTATACAAATAATACTGTAAAC  
GTATTACAAAATAATTAATGTATATTAAGCTACTGTA  
CTTAGAAATGTACTTGTACG  
CTTATTAATATTAATAAGCCTAATGCCCGGG  
TTGATAATAATAAATACATTTTGTCAA  
TTCAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA  
AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAACTCAAAA

GTCCCAGGCCCCACCCGACCTACTGAACCAGAAAAG3'

The Antedon bifida Fc receptor (FCAR) transcriptome sequence is :  
>TRINITY\_DN13535\_c0\_g1\_i1 (FCAR)

5'ACTCTACGAACCAATTTAAATATAACCC  
GAGAATGTATGTACAACCGATCCAGTAAAT

GGTAACATTCAAGACTACGATTATGTACCTTGTTAA  
TTAAATAAATAAAGTACC GG T  
AGATACACCATCATAAATATCAGCCTTTTCATCAAGCAAAA  
CAGTCTATTTGTTTACAGTTCT  
TGTCTTGAGTAGATGTTCTCAGCAAATTTTCTAATATA  
CAATATAACAATTTCTTGTGA  
AGATGAAATTTATTGATTTAATTGGATGCCAGTTAATTT  
ATTTAGAAATTTTAAATTTTAAAT  
TTGATCTGAGAAACAGAATTAAGAACTGGAAAA  
GAAATGAACAAAAGTTTCCATAAACT

ATCGTTATTCAATTTAGTTTGTCTTCTATAACAATGG  
CAATTAACACTTTCAAGAGAGGGTG  
CATATTTTTATTTTGGTCAACTATGCTTACAA  
TAGGTAATAAATAAATATTAACATCCCC  
CTACCCTACTTACATCCCAACTTATCACGTAA  
TAAACCTTATTTCTCTGTCCGGGAAAT  
TCAGATTTGAGCAAGTATAATTTTATTATTATT  
CAGATGTTCTCTATTTTAACCTGGG  
TGCTTGATACAATTAACATTGTAGAAGTTTATT  
GTTTATTTGTTTATTTGTTTGT  
TTGTTTGTAGATGGAGTTTCTCTTGTGTCC  
AGGCTGGAGTGCAATGGCA3'

At last MHC transcriptomes class I ( when compared to human  
HLA-E, HLA-B genes)are repertoried :

**First HLA-E**  
>TRINITY\_DN19334\_c8\_g2\_i1 HLA-E

5'TGTAATCCCAGCACTTTGGGAGGCCGAGGCGGG  
CGGATCACGAGGTCAGGAGATCGA GAC

CATCCTGGCTAACACAGTGAAACCCCGTCTCTACTAAAAA  
TACAAAAAATTAGCCGGGCG

TGGTGGCGGGCGCTGTAGTCCCAGCTACTCGGG  
AGGCTGAGGCAGGAGAATGGCGTGAA

CCCGGGAGGCGGAGCTTGCAGTGAGCCGAGAT  
CGCGCCACTGCACTCCAGCCTGGGCGAC

AGAGCGAGACTCTGTCTCAAAA  
AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA3'

**Secondly HLA-B**  
>TRINITY\_DN15013\_c0\_g1\_i1 HLA-B

5'GCCGAATATGATGCAGAGGTATCAGGGGGTGA  
AGCATCTGGAGGTGAGGTATCGGCAGGA

GAGGCATCTGGGGGAGAAGCTGAACAATC  
TGACAAATGAAAGCGATTAGATAACATTTTTT

TAATTCTAGTTGCAGCCTAAATATTTTCGATATTACTTTTTTTT  
ACTAGTTGAATGATTAA

CAAAGAAAGCAACAACACTGTGGTAATATTGCTAATT  
A T G A A A T G A A A A T G T T T A A T G T G  
GCCCTGACACTAAATTGTAAACTGTTTTTTAGTAATAA  
G A A T T T C A A T A G C T T C T C T G A A  
AGAAGATGTCTCTGAGAGAGTAATATTTGACAGGTT  
C A G T G T A T T T A A A G A C T T A T A A T G  
TAAAGCAGAGATGTAACCTAGAGAAACCTAGATATT  
GATGTCAACAACTAAGGGTGCATG

GAAAATGTGAAAGACTTTAAGAGTGGGTGACCC  
TGCTACCAACACAATTCAATCCATGT

TTGAGGCTTTTTTTCATTAGCCTAATAGTGAAGTC  
A G T G G C G T A A G G C C C C C T T G T T T A G  
CACTCCTAAGGGTCCCTAATGATGGATAATTG  
T A T T G G G C T C T T C A T G C T C T G G G G C C C T  
GGGTTTAGCTAGTGAGTGCTCATAGCAGTTGGC  
TGGGCAAGGTTAGAAAGCAATGGTTCT

GTGCAGACATTTGCATTTAATTGACCAATATTTCAA  
T C G T G T G T T A C A C A G G A A T C A T A  
ACCTAATCAGCAGTTGTTTTAATAAACATTGCATCTT  
G G T C G A C G T A A T A T T G T T A T G G  
ACTGTCTGTGAAACCATGTGAATCTAAACTCTTAAAA  
T G C C T G C C T C T C C T G T C C T T G C  
TAAATATAAATTGTTTTCTCAATTAGGCG

GCCCTGACACTAAATTGTAAACTGTTTTTTT  
AGTAATAAGAATTTCAATAGCTTCTCTGAA  
A G A A G A T G T C T C T G A G A G A T A A T A T T  
GACAGGTTTCAGTGTATTTAAAGACTTATAATG  
T A A A G C A G A G A T G T A A C T A G A G A A A  
CCTAGATATTGATGTCAACAACTAAGGGTGCATG

GAAAATGTGAAAGACTTTAAGAGTGGGTGACCC  
TGCTACCAACACAATTCAATCCATGT

TTGAGGCTTTTTTTCATTAGCCTAATAGTGAAGTCA  
G T G G C G T A A G G C C C C C T T G T T T A G  
CACTCCTAAGGGTCCCTAATGATGGATAATTGTATT  
G G G C T C T T C A T G C T C T G G G G C C C T  
GGGTTTAGCTAGTGAGTGCTCATAGCAGTTGGCTGG  
CAAGGTTAGAAAGCAATGGTTCT

GTGCAGACATTTGCATTTAATTGACCAATATTT  
C A A A T C G T G T G T T A C A C A G G A A T C A T A  
ACCTAATCAGCAGTTGTTTTAATAAACATTGCATCTT  
G G T C G A C G T A A T A T T G T T A T G G  
ACTGTCTGTGAAACCATGTGAATCTAAACTCTTAAAA  
T G C C T G C C T C T C C T G T C C T T G C  
TAAATATAAATTGTTTTCTCAATTAGGCG3'

## Conclusion

From data to data it appears that Echinodermata ,especially Antedon bifida, possess a sophisticated immune system from a point of genomic point of view. Many human immune genes are shared with Echinodermata genes and in particular : Antedon bifida : It's of special interest in the domain of Comparative Immunology.

## References

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